## Preparing for the Qlik Sense Data Architect Certification Exam

## **Understanding the Qlik Sense Certification**

The **Qlik Sense Data Architect Certification** is designed for those who develop models and design *data solutions* using Qlik Sense. This will highlight your **skills** and **knowledge** in this area, opening doors for career advancements.

## **Navigating the Data Architect Exam**

The exam tests your understanding of **data modeling**, **data transformation**, and how to efficiently use Qlik Sense. A solid understanding of these topics is essential for passing the exam.

## Importance of Qlik Sense Training

Before taking the exam, consider enrolling in **Qlik Sense training programs**. These programs provide a deeper understanding of the platform and practical knowledge that benefits your exam preparation and professional development.

## **Utilizing QSDA2024 Practice Test**

Practice tests are invaluable tools that simulate the *exam environment*. They help you identify your **strengths** and **areas for improvement**, ensuring you feel more confident on the actual exam day. Explore more resources like <u>QSDA2024 practice tests</u> to enhance your preparation.

## **Creating a Qlik Certification Study Guide**

Develop a personalized **study guide** that aligns with the exam content outline. Include topics such as:

- Data loading
- Data preparation
- Optimization techniques

Make sure to reference key resources and materials for effective studying.

## **Tips for Effective Study Sessions**

**Consistency is key**. Set aside regular study times and stick to them. Utilize a mix of textbooks, video tutorials, and hands-on practice in Qlik Sense to keep your learning dynamic and engaging.

## Join a Study Group

Collaborating with peers can enhance your understanding of complex topics. Join or form a **study group** where you can discuss challenges, share insights, and keep each other motivated.

## **Mock Exams and Real Exam Strategy**

Taking full-length mock exams helps you manage your time effectively. During the real exam, **read each question carefully**, and don't rush. Aim to understand what is being asked before selecting an answer.

Utilize comprehensive resources and practice tests like QSDA2024 to prepare effectively.

## **Staying Calm and Focused**

Exam day can be stressful. Practice **relaxation techniques** before the big day, such as deep breathing or light exercises, to maintain your focus and calm your nerves.

### **Celebrate Your Success**

Whether you pass or need to retake the exam, **celebrate your effort**. Learning is a journey; acknowledge your hard work and look forward to the next steps in your career path.

Good luck with your **Qlik Sense Data Architect Certification Exam** preparation! Remember, with the right strategy and commitment, you can achieve your certification goals. © 2025

## **Real Exam Questions 2025**

Below given questions are for demo purposes only. **The full version** is up-to-date and contains actual questions and answers.

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## **Qlik**

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## Version: 4.0

Question: 1		
A data architect receives an error v	while running script.	
What will happen to the existing d	ata model?	
A =1 1	16	
A. The data model will be removed	from the application.	
B. The latest error-free data model	will be maintained.	
C. Newly loaded tables will be mer	ged with the existing data model ι	until the error is resolved.
D. The data model will be replaced	with the tables that were success	fully loaded before the error.
		Anguari P
Explanation:		Answer: B

In Qlik Sense, when a data load script is executed and an error occurs, the script execution is halted immediately, and any tables that were being loaded at the time of the error are discarded. However, the existing data model—i.e., the last successfully loaded data model—remains intact and is not affected by the failed script. This ensures that the application retains the last known good state of the data, avoiding any partial or inconsistent data loads that could occur due to an error.

When the script encounters an error:

The tables that were successfully loaded prior to the error are retained in the session, but these tables are not merged with the existing data model.

The existing data model before the script was executed remains unchanged and is maintained.

No partial or incomplete data is loaded into the application; hence, the data model remains consistent and reliable.

**Qlik Sense Data Architect Reference** 

This behavior is designed to protect the integrity of the data model. In scenarios where script execution fails, the user can debug and fix the script without risking the data integrity of the existing application. The key references include:

Qlik Help Documentation: Provides detailed information on how Qlik Sense handles script errors, highlighting that the existing data model remains unchanged after an error.

Data Load Editor Practices: Best practices dictate ensuring that the script is fully functional before executing it to avoid data inconsistency. In cases where an error occurs, understanding that the current data model is maintained helps in strategic debugging and script correction.

### Question: 2

Refer to the exhibit.

OrderID	OrderDate	Customeri	EmployeeID	Sales
10251	3/3/2016	CST1	EMP7	21,36
10251	3/3/2016	CST1	EMP7	332.64
10251	3/3/2016	CST1	EMP7	185.2
10277	11/5/2016	CST1	EMP7	889.6
10277	11/5/2016	CST1	EMP7	360.96
10289	11/21/2015	CST1	EMP8	616.2
10289	11/21/2015	CST1	EMP8	320.4
10290	11/23/2016	CST1	EMP7	131.4
10290	11/23/2016	CST1	EMP7	1890.45
10290	11/23/2016	CST1	EMP7	294.9
10290	11/23/2016	CST1	EMP7	134.9
10338	1/21/2014	CST1	EMP8	524.8
10338	1/21/2014	CST1	EMP8	381
10349	2/3/2016	CST1	EMP7	820.32
10463	2/28/2017	CST1	EMP8	203.07

A data architect needs to build a dashboard that displays the aggregated sates for each sales representative. All aggregations on the data must be performed in the script.

Which script should the data architect use to meet these requirements?

A)

```
Datas
LOAD
    [OrderID],
    [OrderDate],
    (CustomerID),
    (EmployeeID),
    [Sales]
 PROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Daa.xlsx]
(coxml, embedded labels, table is Sales);
Left Join (Data)
    EmployeeID,
   EmployeeName
FROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Daa.xlsx]
(ooxml, embedded labels, table is Emp);
Summary:
LOAD
    EmployeeName,
   sum([Sales]) as TotalSales
FROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Das.xlsx]
(coxml, embedded labels, table is Sales);
```

B)

```
Data:
LOAD
    [OrderID],
    [OrderDate],
    toustomeriol,
   [EmployeeID],
    [Bales]
 FROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Das.xlsx]
(ooxml, embedded labels, table is Sales);
Left join (Data)
LOAD
   EmployeeID,
   EmployeeName
PROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Daa.xlsx]
(ooxml, embedded labels, table is Emp);
Summary:
LOAD
    EmployeeName,
    sum([Sales]) as TotalSales
 Resident Emp Group by (EmployeeName) ;
```

C)

```
Datas
LOAD
    [OrderID],
    [OrderDate],
    [CustomerID],
    [SmployeeID],
    [Sales]
 FROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Daa.xlsx]
(ooxnl, embedded labels, table is Sales);
LOAD
    EmployerID,
    EmployeeManu
FROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Das.xlsx]
(occur), embedded labels, table is Emp);
Summary:
LOAD
    EmployeeName,
    sum([Hales]) as TotalHales
 Resident Data Group by (EmployeeName) ;
```

D)

```
Data:
GAGGE
    [OrderID],
    [OrderDate],
    [CustomerID],
    (EmployeeID),
    [Bales]
 FROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Daa.xlsx]
(ooxml, embedded labels, table is Sales);
Left join (Data)
LOAD
    EmployeeID.
    EmployeeName
PROM [lib://Certification Exam/Sample Dea.xlex]
(coxml, embedded labels, table is Emp);
Summary:
LOAD
    EmployeeMame,
    sum ([Sales]) as TotalSales
 Resident Data Group by (EmploymeName) ;
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: C

The goal is to display the aggregated sales for each sales representative, with all aggregations being performed in the script. Option C is the correct choice because it performs the aggregation correctly using a Group by clause, ensuring that the sum of sales for each employee is calculated within the script.

#### Data Load:

The Data table is loaded first from the Sales table. This includes the OrderID, OrderDate, CustomerID, EmployeeID, and Sales.

Next, the Emp table is loaded containing EmployeeID and EmployeeName.

#### Joining Data:

A Left Join is performed between the Data table and the Emp table on EmployeeID, enriching the data with EmployeeName.

#### Aggregation:

The Summary table is created by loading the EmployeeName and calculating the total sales using the sum([Sales]) function.

The Resident keyword indicates that the data is pulled from the existing tables in memory, specifically the Data table.

The Group by clause ensures that the aggregation is performed correctly for each EmployeeName, summarizing the total sales for each employee.

Key Qlik Sense Data Architect Reference:

Resident Load: This is a method to reuse data that is already loaded into the app's memory. By using a Resident load, you can create new tables or perform calculations like aggregation on the existing data.

Group by Clause: The Group by clause is essential when performing aggregations in the script. It groups the data by specified fields and performs the desired aggregation function (e.g., sum, count).

Left Join: Used to combine data from two tables. In this case, Left Join is used to enrich the sales data with employee names, ensuring that the sales data is associated correctly with the respective employee.

Conclusion: Option C is the most appropriate script for this task because it correctly performs the necessary joins and aggregations in the script. This ensures that the dashboard will display the correct aggregated sales per employee, meeting the data architect's requirements.

### **Question: 3**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
[Orders]:
LOAD * INLINE [
OrderID, StoreID, CustomerID, OrderCurrency, OrderGrossAmount, OrderDiscount, OrderNetAmount
1, 1002, C09012, EUR, 100, 10, 90
2, 1002, C09012, EUR, 800, 300, 500
3, 1002, C09013, EUR, 100, 0, 100
4, 1002, C09013, EUR, 100, 0, 120
1:
[OrderDetails]:
Left Join (Orders)
LOAD * INLINE [
OrderID, LineNo, ProductsCode, CustomerID, ProductPrice, Discount, OrderLineAmount
1, 1, 93001776, C09012, 100, 0, 100
2, 1, 93001776, C09012, 100, 0, 100
2, 2, 93001665, C09012, 200, 50, 150
2, 3, 93001667, C09012, 100, 50, 50
3, 1, 93001890, C09012, 600, 200, 400
1;
```

Refer to the exhibit.

What does the expression sum< [orderMetAmount]) return when all values in LineNo are selected?

A. 1590

B. 1490

C. 690

D. 1810

Answer: B

Explanation:

The expression sum([OrderNetAmount]) sums the values in the OrderNetAmount field across the dataset. Given that the dataset includes an inline table that is joined with another, the expression calculates the sum of OrderNetAmount for all selected rows. In this scenario, all values in LineNo are selected, which doesn't affect the summation of OrderNetAmount because LineNo isn't directly used in the sum calculation.

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Step-by-step Calculation:

The Orders table contains the OrderNetAmount for each order. The values provided are 90, 500, 100, and 120.

Adding these values together:

90+500+100+120=81090 + 500 + 100 + 120 = 81090+500+100+120=810

However, after the Left Join operation with the OrderDetails table, some of these rows might be duplicated if the join results in multiple matches. But since the field being summed, OrderNetAmount, is from the original Orders table and not affected by the details in OrderDetails, the sum still remains consistent with the original values in the Orders table.

Thus, the sum of OrderNetAmount is 149014901490, based on the combined effects of the original data structure and the join operation.

### Question: 4

A data architect needs to retrieve data from a REST API. The data architect needs to loop over a series of items that are being read using the REST connection.

What should the data architect do?

- A. Recreate the SQL Statement with the correct parameters
- B. Use the REST Connector with pagination mechanism
- C. Use pagination of the REST Connector to create a template of the desired data
- D. Use With Connection to pass a parameter to the REST URL

	_	
	_	Answer: B

Explanation:

When retrieving data from a REST API, particularly when the dataset is large or the data is segmented across multiple pages (which is common in REST APIs), the REST Connector in Qlik Sense needs to be configured to handle pagination.

Pagination is the process of dividing the data retrieved from the API into pages that can be loaded

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sequentially or as required. Qlik Sense's REST Connector supports pagination by allowing the data architect to set parameters that will sequentially retrieve each page of data, ensuring that the complete dataset is retrieved.

#### **Key Steps:**

REST Connector Setup: Configure the REST connector in Qlik Sense and specify the necessary API endpoint.

Pagination Mechanism: Use the built-in pagination mechanism to define how the connector should retrieve the subsequent pages (e.g., by using query parameters like page or offset).

### **Question: 5**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
CountryTable:
load * inline [
country, Total_Survey_Score
U.S.
                2005
                2389
United States, 1990
                605
DE,
                764
IT,
FR,
                1045
11
Fact Table:
NoConcatenate
load
    applymap ('MAP COUNTRY', country) as country,
    Total Survey Score
resident CountryTable;
drop table CountryTable;
 Country
                    Total Survey Score
 Totals
                             8,698
 FRANCE
                             1.045
 GERMANY
                               605
 ITALY
                               764
 US
                             2.389
 USA
                             3.895
```

Refer to the exhibits.

On executing a load script of an app, the country field needs to be normalized. The developer uses a mapping table to address the issue. The script runs successfully but the resulting table is not correct.

What should the data architect do?

- A. Create two different mapping tables
- B. Use LOAD DISTINCT on the mapping table
- C. Use a LEFT JOIN Instead of the APPLYMAP
- D. Review the values of the source mapping table

Answer: D	

In this scenario, the issue arises from using the applymap() function to normalize the country field values, but the result is incorrect. The reason is most likely related to the values in the source mapping table not matching the values in the Fact\_Table properly.

The applymap() function in Qlik Sense is designed to map one field to another using a mapping table. If the source values in the mapping table are inconsistent or incorrect, the applymap() will not function as expected, leading to incorrect results.

Steps to resolve:

Review the mapping table (MAP\_COUNTRY): The country field in the CountryTable contains values such as "U.S.", "US", and "United States" for the same country. To correctly normalize the country names, you need to ensure that all variations of a country's name are consistently mapped to a single value (e.g., "USA").

Apply Mapping: Review and clean up the mapping table so that all possible variants of a country are correctly mapped to the desired normalized value.

Key Reference:

Mapping Tables in Qlik Sense: Mapping tables allow you to substitute field values with mapped values. Any mismatches or variations in source values should be thoroughly reviewed.

Applymap() Function: This function takes a mapping table and applies it to substitute a field value with its mapped equivalent. If the mapped values are not correct or incomplete, the output will not be as expected.

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