

PLACEMENT TEST



Reading / Grammar / Vocabulary

You have 40 minutes

to complete this part of the test

60 questions

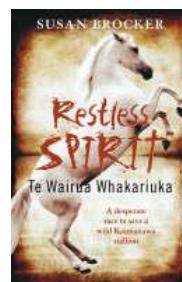
Read the following four texts and choose the best option to complete the sentences.

Write your answers on the answer sheet provided.

Example: Do you like to travel?

Yes, I love to (0) have / go / meet / make new people and see different cultures.

Name: Susan Bocker
Date of birth: 4 August 1961
Place of birth: Hamilton
Now living in: Tauranga



What is your favourite food?

Hot Thai and Indian food, yummy.

Do you have a nickname?

When I (1) **be / am / was / will be** little I was called Suzie Wong, and now my family and friends just (2) **name / say / talk / call** me Suzie.

How do you relax?

I (3) **drive / walk / ride / talk** my lovely big horse called Barney. I love trekking along the beach (4) **so / but / because / and** through the bush. I also play fetch and walk with my dog Yogi.

Who inspired you when you were little?

Walt Disney. I loved the films he made and the show Disneyland that was on TV when I was little.

What were you like at school?

I was very naughty! I always talked (5) **too many / very much / a lot of / too much** and asked too many questions.

What was your favourite/least favourite subject at school?

My favourite subject was English, especially writing stories. My (6) **most / best / top / least** hated subject was maths because I could never learn the times table off by heart.

What was the book you most loved as a child?

That's difficult because I loved so many. But I think if I had to choose it would be The Snow Goose, by Paul Gallico.

*Which person from the past would you most like (7) **to meet / to be / to find / to greet** ?*

Gandhi. He loved peace and brought about good changes through his peaceful actions. He also inspired (8) **another / other / any / the** wonderful people like Dr Martin Luther King.

Who is your favourite author/children's author?

Again that's tricky as I enjoy so many, but I guess I'd say Jack London.

Why did you want to be a writer?

I've always loved writing, even when I was little. I think it was (9) **a / the / an / my** escape for me. I could go anywhere and do anything in my stories.

Do you have a special place where you write your books?

I live in a lovely old villa on a farm (10) **so / because / but / and** I write in my study which looks out over the hills to the sea.

What's the best thing and worst thing about being a writer or illustrator?

The best thing about writing is that I can let my imagination run wild. The worst thing is that it can be lonely sometimes.

If you weren't a writer, what would you like to be?

I would like to be a vet and work with (11) **pets / dogs / animals / people** , especially wild animals.

What advice would you give to aspiring writers or illustrators?

To all writers I would say write, write, write! And also read - read everything you (12) **can / must / should / might** find, and enjoy!

Kites – A popular hobby



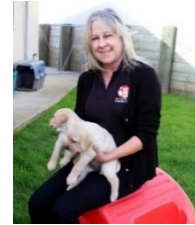
People have been making and flying kites for about 2,000 years. No one knows for sure who invented the kite. Some historians believe the (13) **ancient / old / elderly / antique** Chinese may have started kite flying 2000 years ago. It is (14) **even / still / yet / already** a popular hobby in China, Japan and Korea and in (15) **another / much / those / other** countries of the Far East where beautifully decorated kites appear in different colours. In China there is even a special *Kites Day* on which (16) **people / children / child / person** and adults fly kites. In Japan families fly fish kites on Children's Day, May 5th.

Simple kites are (17) **obtained / moulded / made / caused** by crossing two sticks and covering (18) **it / they / him / them** with paper or cloth. Then (19) **I / you / he / it** attach a string at the end. More expensive kites have frames made of fiberglass, plastic or aluminium. The (20) **label / material / call / name** comes from a graceful bird called *kite*.

Kites are made in (21) **much / a lot / many / so** different sizes, colours and (22) **ideas / shapes / sounds / names**. A flat kite is the (23) **most dated / most aged / most ancient / oldest** and simplest (24) **type / method / idea / way** of kite. It (25) **achieves / flies / goes / succeeds** because air flows over and under the kite's wing. The (26) **stress / demand / pressure / force** under the wing helps the kite (27) **raise / heighten / take / lift** into the air.

Kites have also been (28) **attempted / used / tried / connected** in experiments. Early scientists sent kites up into the air to measure temperature at different heights. In 1752, Benjamin Franklin used a kite to prove that lightning was a form of electricity. He (29) **attached / joined / united / combined** a metal key to the string of a kite. When lightning hit the kite, electricity passed (30) **over / away / down / out** the string and Franklin got an electric shock. It was a very (31) **fatal / terrible / unhealthy / dangerous** experiment that you shouldn't copy.

Making a real difference for “Red Puppy Bikkie Day”



Kiwi bakers are being urged to heat up their ovens and whip up puppy-shaped biscuits for a good cause.

The Blind Foundation is (32) **fulfilling / fundraising / forgiving / forgoing** to pay for the breeding and training of guide dogs for (33) **dogs / them / people / animals** who are blind or have low vision.

“Red Puppy Bikkie Day” is on July 4 and keen bakers are (34) **encouraged / forced / suggested / explained** to make a difference by selling puppy-shaped biscuits.

Thousands of biscuits were baked and sold last year as part of the day and the foundation is hoping even (35) **some / any / more / the** bakers will take up the challenge this year.

Everyone who (36) **goes / enters / registers / signs** for the event gets a free puppy-shaped cookie cutter, along with access to tips, recipe ideas, decorating inspiration and resources to make their “Bikkie Day” a huge (37) **success / win / result / outcome**.

Foundation chief executive Sandra Budd says guide dog puppies now in training will one day be the (38) **ears / nose / hands / eyes** of New Zealanders who are blind or have low vision.

"Raising guide dogs requires a staggering (39) **number / amount / quantity / collection** of time, effort and money," she says.

They are taught to guide people around hazards, negotiate traffic, locate (40) **the same / interesting / average / common** destinations and travel on public (41) **travel / transport / transit / transfer**.

The average time spent (42) **wanting / expecting / waiting / anticipating** for a guide dog is around 12 months but it can take longer if people have specific needs

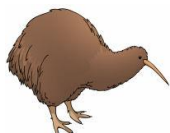
Budd says guide dogs allow those who are blind or have low vision to enjoy independence and freedom. Everyone who raises more than \$100 will go in the draw to name a guide dog puppy.

New Zealand

Kia Ora

New Zealand is in the south-western Pacific Ocean and consists of two larger mountainous islands, North Island and South Island, and various smaller islands. The islands have a lot of unusual wildlife not found (43) **somewhere / anywhere / nowhere / everywhere** else in the world, including birds such as the endangered kiwi. The islands were first inhabited by the Maori people, who came from Polynesia around 1000 AD. The Dutch (44) **revealed / discovered / noticed / moved to** the islands in the 1600s and named them New Zealand but they didn't (45) **populate / convert / settle / establish**; Captain James Cook brought the British to the islands in 1769.

Kiwis



Kiwis are flightless birds native to New Zealand, and have become a symbol and nickname for New Zealanders all over the world. They are about the size (46) **of / as / with / same as** a chicken. Kiwis are unusual because they have the largest eggs, (47) **due to / because of / connected to / in relation to** their own body size, of any bird in the world.

Sheep

New Zealand is also (48) **reputed / popular / notorious / famous** for its sheep! Sheep are (49) **kept / brought up / had / remained** all over the world to provide wool and food, but are particularly (50) **tied / associated / related / combined** with Australia, New Zealand and, within the British Isles, Wales.

Poi and Poi Dancers



Poi is the Maori (51) **saying / way / word / calling** for ball on a string. Poi were used many years (52) **since / ago / in the past / history** by the Maori people of New Zealand to (53) **power / strengthen / build / toughen** their arms and hands and build the skills needed for battle (men) and weaving (women). Eventually Maori women began to show off their skills in a (54) **traditional / established / customary / famous** dance.

Maori Tattoo

Important Maori men always had distinctive facial tattoos, often very (55) **involved / important / intriguing / intricate** designs which were (56) **time-sensitive / time-tested / time-consuming / time – wasting** and very painful! Women sometimes had tattoos around their mouths and chins, too.

Silver Fern



New Zealand has some of the most (57) **charming / beautiful / pleasing / handsome** ferns in the world and the silver fern is a national symbol. You often see the spiral shape of the unfurled silver fern leaf, the koru, in art, and koru necklaces carved out of bone were (and still are) popular.

There are about 190 (58) **ranges / genres / brands / species** of fern in New Zealand, ranging in (59) **size / width / structure / largeness** from a few centimetres up to 24 metres tall!

The silver fern is a symbol of New Zealand and is on the front of the rugby top of the national rugby team, the All Blacks. The national netball team is known as the Silver Ferns and the fern is their logo, too.

Maori Necklaces

Traditional Maori necklaces came in various different designs with special meanings, and they are still popular today.



The Haka

New Zealand rugby team, the All Blacks, is famous for the Haka - a traditional Maori war dance - that is performed to (60) **introduce / welcome / intimidate / encourage** the other team before the start of a rugby match!

PLACEMENT TEST – ANSWER SHEET

Please write all your answers on this sheet, and then complete the writing test.



First Name:	Family Name:
Country:	Student ID #:

Susan Brocker

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Making a real difference

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Kites – A popular hobby

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New Zealand

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Office Use Only

Test /60	
Writing	
Speaking	
Placement	

PLACEMENT TEST



Writing

You have 20 minutes
to complete this part of the test

First Name	Family Name
Country:	Student ID #:


WRITING TASK

You are the department manager and have to organise an urgent meeting tomorrow at 9 a.m. with all the staff in your department.

Write an email to the staff including the following information:

- Explain what the meeting will be about
- Apologise for arranging the meeting at short notice
- Say when the meeting will be
- Tell them where the meeting will be

You have **20 minutes** for this task. Please write the email below.

 Send	To...	
	Cc...	
	Subject	